Two-rotation Mechanism for an in Vacuum Beamstop

Joaquín González, Carles Colldelram, Abel Fontseré, Gabriel Jover, Jon Ladrera,
Marc Malfois, Juan Carlos Martínez
ALBA-CELLS Synchrotron, Cerdanyola del Vallès, Spain

Abstract

At small-angle X-ray scattering beamlines (SAXS), beamstops are needed to block the intense primary beam that has not been scattered by the sample in order to protect the detector from any damage. Beamstops are usually confined inside a vacuum tube minimizing air space between the sample and the detector. For certain experiments, a motorized beamstop is required to achieve a precise positioning in different regions of the detector active area. ALBA has developed a new motorized beamstop consisting of a two-rotation mechanism inside vacuum that composes a movement able to cover all range of the active area of the detector. The presented solutions involves a main rotation reached by a gear and a worm drive actuated by a stepper motor and a second rotation relative to the main one produced by a piezo rotation stage. For each position appear two different solutions. This characteristic permits take two equivalent images in the detector with the same beamstop position but different orientation in the beamstop support; thus permitting the compensation of the support shadow on the active area of the detector.

Specifications

A motorized beamstop which must achieve:

- Cover all range of the active area of the SAXS detector (210x210mm).
- Obtain two solutions for each position demanded.
- In vacuum motorized movements.
- 5µm resolution.
- 1 rpm speed.
- Compact and integrated in the current Flight Tube of the End Station.
- Mounting interface DN320 ISO-K.
- Vacuum compatible (10⁻⁵ mbar) materials.

Design

• More compact and with better stability than other conventional alternatives (linear stages) due to a shorter and stiffer beamstop rod and a more packed mechanism.

Vacuum Chamber: Aluminum welded.
Beamstop support: Carbon fiber rod.
Stepper Motor: Planetary Gear (i:16).
Bearing: Angular ceramic ball bearings.
Encoder: Rotary incremental encoder.

Movements

Main Rotation:
- Gear and worm drive (i:1000).
- Gear 92 CoCr12Mo2 bronze.
- Worm 31CrMnV8 bronze.

Relative Rotation:
- Solid shaft.
- Magnetic fluid sealing.

In vacuum chamber simulations

• Max. Stress: 23 MPa
• Max. Deformation: 0.045mm

Two solutions for the same position

For a given position (a,b) of the beamstop, the solution of a system of polynomial equations of two circles, one with center in the main rotation (0,0) and other with center in the beamstop position (a,b), are the two points of intersection of the circles. At each intersection it is possible to resolve the two angles for each of two solutions.

Results

• For each position appear two different solutions. This permits to take two equivalent scattering patterns in the detector with same beamstop position. Next figures show equivalent scattering patterns of the same collagen fiber.

Assembly, Tests & Installation

• High Vacuum cleaning procedures during manufacturing and assembly.
• Pseudo motor tests using a laser tracker and a prism attached to a beamstop dummy.
• Installation between segments of the Flight Tube of the End Station.